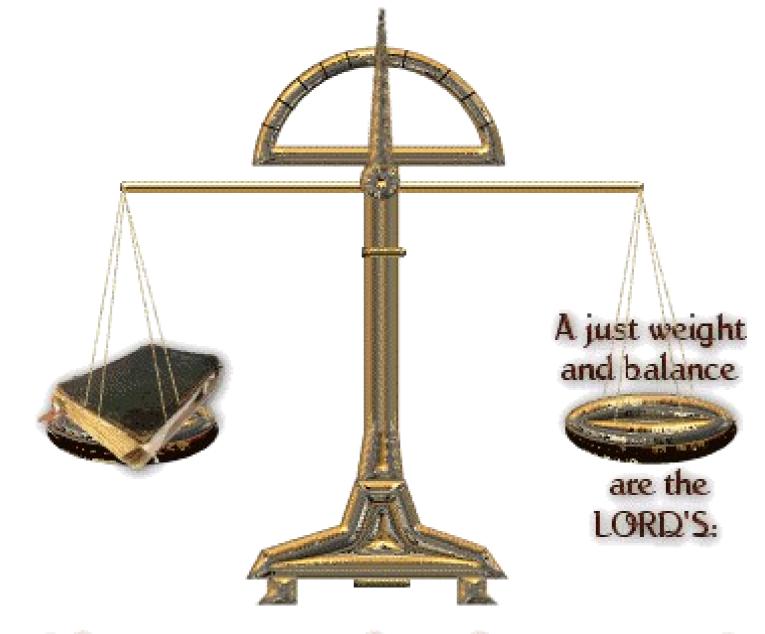
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### Thus saith the Lord...

- We know little of Nahum. • The 7th of the twelve Minor Prophets.
- •His name means "comforted".

- The only mention in Scripture of <u>Nahum the Elkoshite</u> occurs in the first verse.
  - Nahum's prophecy against the city of Nineveh would have been significant for the people of Judah,
    - Who would have needed encouragement in the face of the <u>terrifying power of</u> the Assyrian Empire.

- At this time
  the Northern kingdom
  was already in
  Assyrian captivity.
- So Nahum directly speaks to the kingdom of Judah. (Nahum 1:15).

 The subject of Nahum's prophecy
 is judgment over Nineveh.

> Jonah had prophesied over Nineveh as well but he lived around 150 years earlier.

- The mercy of Jehovah
  is prevailing in the
  book of Jonah
  - Nahum only announces the fury of God and the utter destruction of this godless city.

Of what were they guilty?

"He will by no means clear the guilty ...."

(Nahum 1:3)

- It was not an on a sudden impulse that God pronounced against Nineveh.
- This prophecy cites exactly <u>Nineveh's quilt:</u>

- "Wickedness"
   (Nahum 1:3)
- "God's enemies" (Nahum 1:8)
- "Plotters of evil" (Nahum 1:9,11)
- "Worship idols and images" (Nahum 1:14)
  - "Heathen Festivals"
     (Nahum 1:15)
    - "The plunderers" (Nahum 2:2)
  - "Blood shed and lies"
     (Nahum 3:1)

- "<u>Liars and robbers</u>" (Nahum 3:1)
- "The insatiable seekers of gain" (Nahum 3:1)
  - "The harlots"
     (Nahum 3:4)
- "The betrayers of weaker nations" (Nahum 3:4)
  - "The despicable" (Nahum 3:5ff)
  - "The presumptuous" (Nahum 3:8)
    - "Endless cruelty"
       (Nahum 3:19)

- The time of God's wrath is
   "the day of the Lord,"
   the final Judgment of the great day when all men shall be judged.
   (Matthew 25).
  - Throughout history
     there have been
     many tokens God's judgment
     upon wicked men and nations,
     as recorded in the Bible.
    - These are of two kinds:

- (1) Great natural disasters such as the Flood.
- (2) Overwhelming destruction executed upon wicked cities:
  - Nations such as:
  - Sodom, Gomorrah,
  - Tyre, Sidon, Assyria,
    - Nineveh, Babylon,
  - Jerusalem, Rome, etc.
  - Are we to suppose their destruction was accidental?

- God's justice requires that such evil be punished;
  - And it still does!
  - The previous list indicates that Nineveh had filled up the full measure of their iniquity. (Genesis 15:16)

- Nahum's prophecy is only focused on Nineveh.
  - It is striking that the sins of Israel and Judah are not mentioned at all.
    - While the

       holy and just
       fury of God
       is announced to the

       enemies of God's people.
      - The people of God receive comforting words (Nahum 1:12-15).

- In chapter 1
   we see God as
   jealous and revenging
   in His majesty.
  - Chapters 2 & 3
    prophesy exactly the fall and destruction of Nineveh.

# • Nineveh was the capital of the Assyrian empire.

 Her founder was Nimrod who lived shortly after the flood (Genesis 10:8-12).

- There was rivalry between <u>Assyria</u> and <u>Babylon</u> from the very beginning.
  - Babylon
    is the picture of
    worldly might
    in a religious garment.
  - Assyria
    pictures the
    cruel heathen world,
    which knows nothing
    but her own importance.

•Jonah was sent to Nineveh around the year 800 BC to turn them from their cruel ways.

# • God used Assyria as a rod of his anger to punish His guilty people of Israel

But finally this rod
had to be punished itself
for its haughtiness
and its malice

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- Verse one begins with:
   <u>The burden of Nineveh ...</u>
- This expression means: "the prophecy of the doom of Nineveh."
  - The word
     "burden"
     carries with it the idea
     of a heavy load.
  - Meaning that

     Nineveh's sins
     have at last become
     such a heavy load on God

     that He could no longer permit the city to stand.

- "Nineveh ..."

  was one of the

  greatest cities of antiquity.
- It was for an extended period <u>was the most</u> <u>powerful city on earth.</u>
  - Any prophecy of the doom of such a city must have appeared to be sheer madness at the time of Nahum's prophecy.

- God's Wrath Against Nineveh.
  - The LORD is a zealous and avenging God;
- The LORD is avenging and very angry.
- The LORD takes vengeance against his foes;
  - He sustains his rage against his enemies.
- The LORD is slow to anger but great in power;
  - the LORD will certainly not allow the wicked to go unpunished.
  - He marches out in the whirlwind and the raging storm;
    - dark storm clouds billow like dust under his feet. (Nahum 1:2-3)

- The wrath of God is a subject rarely mentioned by preachers.
- Or even the most extensive commentaries is it mentioned.
- And if it is mentioned at all it is in a most casual and incidental manner.

• However, the greatest men of both the Old Testament and the **New** Testament were the ones who most emphatically and sternly stressed God's wrath.

- Isaiah, Paul, John, Jesus were among those who most clearly and vigorously emphasized it.
  - And they were the ones in whom <u>love</u> was most evident.

• Isaiah, the great Messianic prophet, whose knowledge of God's love equals that of any other in the Old Testament, said:

, cara:

• **Isaiah 13:9** 

The LORD's day of judgment is coming; it is a day of cruelty and savage, raging anger, destroying the earth and annihilating its sinners.

• 13:13 So I will shake the heavens, and the earth will shake loose from its foundation, because of the fury of the LORD of Heaven's Armies, in the day he vents his raging anger.

## Revelation 20:11 And I saw a great white throne, and him that sat on it, from whose face the earth and the heaven fled away; and there was found no place for them.

# Read Hosea 1:9-17 for as terrible a denunciation as any to be found in the Bible.

- Paul's love knew no limits;
   and he could say,
  - "I could wish myself anathema from Christ for my brethren according to the flesh" (Romans 9:3)
- But he, more than any other apostle, thundered the message of the wrath of God.

"For the wrath of God is revealed from heaven against all ungodliness and unrighteousness of men who hold the truth in unrighteousness" (Romans 1:18).

#### Romans 2:5

**But because of your** stubbornness and your unrepentant heart, you are storing up wrath for yourselves in the day of wrath, when God's righteous judgment is revealed!

2:6 He will reward each one according to his works:

#### • **Romans 2:7**

Eternal life to those who by perseverance in good works seek glory and honor and immortality,

• 2:8 but wrath and anger to those who live in selfish ambition and do not obey the truth but follow unrighteousness.

# Ephesians 5:6 Let nobody deceive you with empty words, for because of these things God's wrath comes on the sons of disobedience.

 John, whose writings abound with such admonitions as
 "love one another,"

And who identified
 God Himself as love,
 also spoke most eloquently
 of God's wrath:

 "And the kings of the earth, and the great men and the rich men, and the chief captains, and the mighty men, and every bondman, and every free man,

 hid themselves in the dens and in the rocks of the mountains; and said to the mountains and rocks,

- Fall on us, and hide us from the face of him that sits upon the throne,
  - and from the wrath of the Lamb;
  - for the great day of his wrath has come;
- and who shall be able to stand?"

- When we come to the words of Jesus, we must remember Him that gave his life for all mankind;
  - He who loved us before we loved him. Yet he said:

## • John 3:36

The one who believes in the Son has eternal life.

 The one who rejects the Son will not see life, but God's wrath remains on him.

- Here we have

  the most solemn assurance
  that God's wrath will certainly
  and eventually
  break forth against the wicked.
- As the object of God's wrath is sin.
  - As all sin is against God.
  - And He takes it personal.

- God's holiness
  is utterly and eternally
  opposed to sin.
  - God and sin are irreconcilable:
- As <u>light</u> and <u>darkness</u>,
- As <u>truth</u> and <u>falsehood</u>,
  - As good and evil;
- And on
   "The day of the Lord"
   in His righteous wrath will
   cast evil out of his universe.

 People become objects of God's wrath only when they reject the Creator and choose to become servants of the Devil.

- That man is capable of making such a choice derives from the inherent gift of God:
- The freedom of the will.
- And man must face up to the fact that, free as he is to choose,
   he cannot escape the ultimate consequences
   of whatever choice he makes.

- In Matthew 25 our Lord divided all mankind into just two classes:
- Those on the left who make the wrong choice.
  - Those on the right who chose wisely.
- No more terrible words were ever written;
- And yet they were spoken by Jesus himself.

- All people are, by nature, the children of wrath.
- Such an indictment was made by Paul when he said:

"We all had lived in times past in the lusts of the flesh, fulfilling the desires of the flesh and of the mind; and were by nature the children of wrath..." (Ephesians 2:3).

- History reveals man's tendency to evil.
- Adam did not sin gradually, but all at once.
- Noah had scarcely left the ark until he was drunk.
  - People of God
     had hardly
     escaped Egypt
     before they murmured
     against God.

- After God gave Moses the Law, the first recorded event thereafter was the breaking of the tablets of stone due to sins of the people.
  - It is only through Christ is it possible for men to find the strength to overcome temptation.

- Satan is the primary cause of sin.
   (John 8:44)
  - God's wrath
    is ever against sin, evil, and Satan,
    - And not against men.
- Hell itself was not prepared for men,
  - But for Satan
     and those who choose to serve the evil one (Matthew 25:41).

- "Jehovah is slow to anger, and great in power, and will by no means clear the guilty: Jehovah has his way in the whirlwind and in the storm, and the clouds are the dust of his feet." (Nahum 1:3)
- No matter how strong men may feel
   God is able to
   put down the mighty
   and inflict upon them a death-blow,

- <u>Divine wrath</u> is indeed tempered with mercy.
- •Micah 7:19

  He will have

  compassion upon us;
- •he will subdue our iniquities;
  - •and cast all our sins into the depths of the sea.

## Think on these things Philippians 4:8

The doors of the church are open. The Spirit and the Bride Say "Come". Revelation 22:17

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