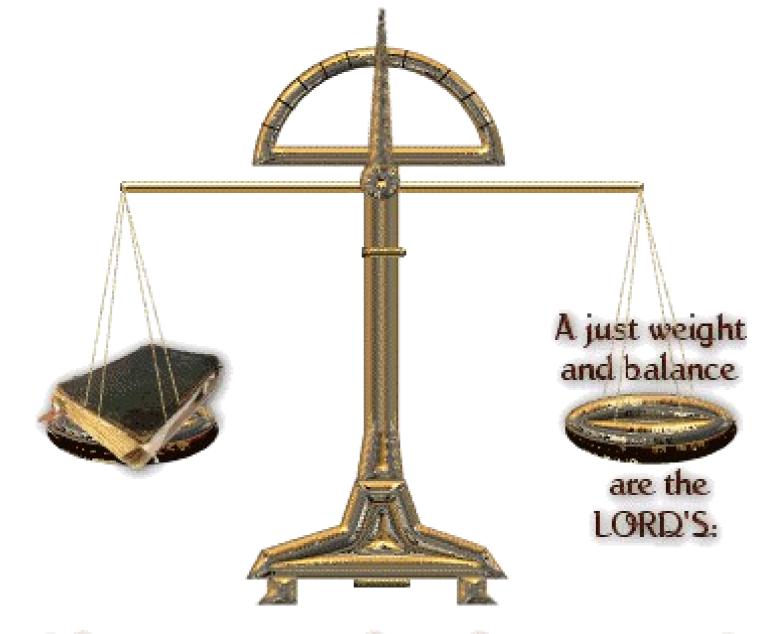
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# Thus saith the Lord...

 As we begin James Chapter 4 James is setting before us and all Christians a basic question.

- What is the aim in life?
- Is it to submit to the will of God
  - •Or our own desires?

- And he warns that,
   <u>if pleasure</u>
   is the policy of life,
  - Nothing but
    - Strife,
    - Hatred,
  - Division
     can possibly follow.

- In James 4:1-10
  we see the source of our
  conflict with man.
  - •And our conflict with God,
  - And the source of our conflict resolution.

- James gets straight to the heart of life's conflicts.
- We like to blame things <u>like our anger</u>
   on something else.
  - We think to ourselves, "If this would change then I would no longer be angry".

 James would have us look at the source of our conflicts. Conflict wrecks all sorts of human relationships.

- The pursuit of pleasure
   must be regarded
   by every Christian
   as a:
  - Fruitless
  - Dangerous course,
- Loaded with all kinds of disastrous consequences.

 The root cause of life's bitter conflict is nothing other than desire.

• Philo, the Jewish philosopher points out that the **Ten Commandments** culminate in the forbidding of covetousness, for desire is the worst of all the passions of the soul. 11 (Exodus 20:17)

- Desire
  is at the root of all the evils
  which ruin life
  and divide men.
- The New Testament is clear that this overmastering desire for the pleasures of this world is always a threatening danger to the spiritual life.
- It is the cares and riches and pleasures of this life which combine to choke the good seed (Luke 8:14).

A man can become
 <u>a slave to passions</u>
 and pleasures.

• Titus 3:3

For we too were once foolish, disobedient, misled, enslaved to various passions and desires, spending our lives in evil and envy, hateful and hating one another.

- The ultimate choice in life lies between:
  - Pleasing oneself
    - Pleasing God;
  - And if the aim is pleasing one's self life becomes a battleground of savagery and division.

Whenever there is conflict, one or both parties are not pleasing God. For God is a "God of Peace". (Romans 15:33)

- We could spend our entire lives
   attempting to unravel the specifics of conflict.
- Thankfully, the Scriptures <u>make it simple.</u>
- At the heart of all relational conflict is a failure to please God.
  - This truth can redirect us
     to focus on what really matters:
    - Pleasing God.

### • <u>James 4:1</u> (NET) shows that the source of our conflict:

- Where do the conflicts and where do the quarrels among you come from?
  - Is it not from this,
  - from your passions
  - that battle inside you?

- The source of all relational conflict is a failure to please God.
  - As seen in our inordinate desires
     (James 4:2)
  - As seen in our lack of proper asking (James 4:2)
- As seen in our asking with the wrong motives (James 4:3)

- Some of the evils James
   enumerates
   are the kinds of wrongdoing
   we have almost come to expect
   among saints:
  - •conflicts,
  - •quarrels,
  - •and envy.

The fact that there is conflict among the saints to whom James is writing should come as no surprise to us.

- We find the disciples arguing among themselves about who was the greatest (Mark 9:33-34).
- We find divisions

   regarding lawsuits

   among the Corinthian saints
   (1 Corinthians 1:11-12; 6:1-6).

Even the wonderful church
 <u>at Philippi</u>
 <u>had two women</u>
 who were at odds with each other (Philippians 4:1-3).

 The difference here is that James tells us this conflict even led to

murder (James 4:2; 5:6).  But it seems as though James is going a bit far when he adds "murder" to the list,

• Not just in verse 2, but also later on in James 5:6.

- Is James exaggerating?
  - •I think he meant us to understand the term literally.
  - He is making the point that conflict
     is a very serious matter.

This list of evils reads a great deal like the front page of the daily newspaper.

How could this be?

 I believe there are two reasons why James included murder as a sin that was possible among those to whom he wrote.

## • First,

we must reluctantly admit that there is no sin of which the saint is incapable.

 We need only look at people in the Bible to see this.

- Moses took the life of an Egyptian, because he was mistreating a Hebrew (Exodus 2:11-12).
  - David committed adultery and attempted to cover it up by murdering Bathsheba's husband, Uriah (2 Samuel 11:14-25).
  - If we think that we are incapable of any other sin, we deceive ourselves.

A former <u>elder</u> in a
Kansas City, Missouri, church
was sentenced to life in prison
<u>for killing his wife</u>,
who was an associate pastor.

 They had been married for <u>18 months</u>.

- - Pulpit minister at the
     Fourth Street Church of Christ in Selmer, Tennessee.
    - Mary Winkler's murder trial was the subject of the 2011 TV film The Pastor's Wife.

# • Second, James is speaking about the path of sin, and where it inevitably leads.

- In Proverbs 1, the "two paths" are described:
  - (1) The path of folly, which leads to death (Proverbs1:8-12, 16-19, 32)
    - (2) The path of wisdom, which leads to life (Proverbs 1:20-23, 33).

- What was our Lord's teaching regarding murder?
  - (Matthew 5:21-22 NET)
- 21 "You have heard that it was said to an older generation,

  'Do not murder,'
  and 'whoever murders will be subjected to judgment.'
- 22 But I say to you that anyone who is angry with a brother will be subjected to judgment.

- In this text,
  Jesus takes up
  the teaching of the Law
  concerning the sin of
  murder.
  - The Jewish Rabbi dealt with this law legalistically.
- They assumed that when the law forbade murder, that was as far as it went.

- Jesus put the matter
   <u>of murder</u>
   into a very different light.
  - •To Him, murder is not only a terrible sin.
    - It is the fruit of unholy anger.

 The reason why Christians have **quarrels** and **conflicts** is because they have allowed their fleshly desires to dominate their lives.

- The church at Corinth
  is a tragic illustration
  of the self-seeking
  James warns us about.
- They had divisions among them,
  - Some Christians were taking other Christians to court (1:10-17; 6:1-11).
    - 1 Corinthians 6:2

      "are you not competent to settle trivial suits?"

- Pleasure seeking dominated the lives of many of the saints.
  - One man was married to <u>his father's wife</u>
     (1 Corinthians 5:1).
    - Others were warned to "Flee sexual immorality" (1 Corinthians 6:18).

## In 1 Corinthians 9:24-27

Paul stresses the need for self-control,

 For bringing our body into submission,

rather than allowing it to dominate us.

- If all this were not bad enough,
   pleasure seeking
   had corrupted
   the most sacred gathering of all
  - The meeting of the saints to remember our Lord's death at the Lord's Table (1 Corinthians 11:17ff.).
    - What were these saints
       doing?

• 1Corinthians 11:20
Now when you come together at the same place, you are not really eating the Lord's Supper.

11:21 For when it is time to eat, everyone proceeds with his own supper.

One is hungry and another becomes drunk.

• "<u>Drunk</u>" {Intoxicated} [G-3184]

- Some Corinthians were more concerned with showing off with their spiritual gifts that edifying each other. (1 Corinthians 14)
  - No wonder James looks upon
     pleasure seeking
     with great disdain.

- James states that they do not have what they want because they have not properly prayed for it. (James 1:1-3)
- They have sought blessings from everyone but God.
- But even if they had prayed, they would not have obtained what they sought because they were asking wrongly.

- God does not give us what we request simply to satisfy our fleshly lusts.
  - He meets all of our true needs,
     but He does not cater to our every whim

- The pursuit of fleshly lusts is the pursuit of vanity, and in this pursuit, we always come up short.
  - God desires for us
     <u>to be content</u>
     in our circumstances
     (Philippians 4:11-13)
    - And to learn

       endurance

       (James 1:2-4).

- That which we most need is wisdom,
   not wealth
   (James 1:5-8).
  - "so that you will be perfect and complete, not deficient in anything." (James 1:4),
    - But this has much more to do with our character than with our earthly possessions.

- The force of temptation is that it dwells within our hearts.
  - Temptation is not an outside enemy.
  - But one that lives within us until the day we die.

 If we ignore the danger within, or think that it has been eradicated, we are in a most precarious position!

- We think that sin will satisfy us.
  - It tells us that we are missing something good.
    - But instead,
       <u>it hooks us</u>
       and drags us
       <u>to destruction.</u>

- The force of temptation is that it has a life of its own.
- We've all seen
   a tree growing out of
   a concrete sidewalk,
   where it has split the concrete.
  - It began as
     <u>a tiny seed</u>,
     falling into a crack.

- But that seed had life in it, and the power of that life produced a tree that broke up a concrete sidewalk.
- Temptation has that kind of destructive life in it.
- Don't let it take root in your life!

- To overcome temptation, <u>recognize its source</u>
   your own sinful desires.
- # 1 Recognize its force
  it dwells in your own heart
  and is a powerfully deceptive emotion
  with a life of its own.
  - #2 Recognize its course as it is never stationary.

It moves steadily in its course like a mighty river.

A course that leads to death.

## •James mentions two different destinations:

•<u># 1 Death</u>
(James 1:15)

•# 2 The crown of life (James 1:12).

- Someone has said,
- Watch your thoughts, they become words.
  - Watch your words, they become actions.
  - Watch your actions, they become habits.
  - Watch your habits, they become character.
- Watch your character, as it becomes your destiny."

## Think on these things Philippians 4:8

The doors of the church are open. The Spirit and the Bride Say "Come". Revelation 22:17

